

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SPIKEFAST ES ISO

Section 1. Identification

Product name : SPIKEFAST ES ISO

Product code : 1720120

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Curing agent for a two component polyurethane.

Supplier's details : The Willamette Valley Company LLC

990 Owen Loop North Eugene, OR 97402

USA

+1 541 484 9621

Responsible name : Regulatory Affairs

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

: INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053

number (with hours operation)

001-352-323-3500

24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P284 - Wear respiratory protection.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor or spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P304 + P341 (OSHA) + P312 - IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician.

P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Disposal

: None known.

Additional information

: Sensitization may develop as a result of a single large overexposure or from repeated overexposure at lower levels. Respiratory sensitization can result in a strong asthmatic response to future airborne exposures, even at levels well below the PEL/TLV. Symptoms may include coughing, wheezing, tightness in the chest and shortness of breath. The skin sensitization reaction may include rash, itching, hives, and swelling of the arms and legs. Sensitization can be either temporary or permanent.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate	≥50 - ≤75 ≥25 - ≤50 ≤5	9016-87-9 101-68-8 5873-54-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Imme

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name Exposure limits	
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	None.
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	CEIL: 0.02 ppm
	CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	CEIL: 0.02 ppm
	CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours.
	CEIL: 0.2 mg/m³ 10 minutes.
	CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minutes.
diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate	None.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

The odor and irritancy of this material are inadequate to warn of excessive exposure.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Brown. [Dark]
Odor : Aromatic. [Slight]
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : 200°C (392°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 198.89°C (390°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Open cup: 220°C (428°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure

: >0.0000013 kPa (>0.00001 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density

: Not available.

Relative density

1.23

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

: Not available. : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	490 mg/m³	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	49 g/kg	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	2000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
diphenylmethane-2,4'- diisocyanate	Skin - Irritant	Rat	-	-	-

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	Respiratory	Rat	Sensitizing
	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
diphenylmethane-2,4'- diisocyanate	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
	Respiratory	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate 4,4'-methylenediphenyl	-	3	_
diisocyanate		3	

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
,	Negative - Inhalation	Rat - Female	-	-
diisocyanate				

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
diphenylmethane-2,4'-diisocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

couahina

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	18.97 mg/l 3.589 mg/l
	[

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	Acute EC50 1640 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute LC50 1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 10 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Chronic LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
·	Chronic NOEC 1640 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC >10 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
diphenylmethane-2,4'- diisocyanate	Acute LC50 1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
,	Chronic NOEC 10 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4.51	200	low
diphenylmethane-2,4'- diisocyanate	4.51	200	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
	Classification Not regulated	Classification Not regulated. Not regulated.	Classification Classification Not regulated. Not regulated. - - - - - - - - - -	Classification Classification Not regulated. Not regulated. Not regulated. - - - - - - - - - - - -	Classification Classification Not regulated. Not regulated. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Reportable quantity 13157.9 lbs / 5973.7 kg [1283 gal / 4856.7 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

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Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification :

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements			≥50 - ≤75 ≥25 - ≤50
Supplier notification			≥50 - ≤75 ≥25 - ≤50

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: METHYLENE BISPHENYL ISOCYANATE;

DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE; MDI

New York : The following components are listed: Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate

New Jersey : The following components are listed: METHYLENE DIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE

(POLYMERIC); ISOCYANIC ACID, POLYMETHYLENEPOLYPHENYLENE ESTER;

METHYLENE BISPHENYL ISOCYANATE; BENZENE, 1,1'-METHYLENEBIS

[4-ISOCYANATO-; DIISOCYANATES

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: BENZENE, 1,1'-METHYLENEBIS

[4-ISOCYANATO-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : Not determined.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.Taiwan: All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : All components are listed or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification	
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method	
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method	
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method	

History

Date of issue/Date of : 7/2/2019

revision

Version : 0.01

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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